

CONSTITUTION

of

Australian Services Roundtable Limited

ABN 19 105 552 565

A Company Limited by Guarantee

**Approved by the General Meeting of 24 June 2008
Amended at the Annual General Meeting
15 November 2017**

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AUSTRALIAN SERVICES ROUNDTABLE LIMITED

ABN 19 105 552 565

A Company Limited by Guarantee

COMPANY

NAME AND TYPE

1 Company Name

- 1.1 The name of the Company is AUSTRALIAN SERVICES ROUNDTABLE LIMITED (hereinafter called "the Company").

2 Company Type

- 2.1 The Company is a public company limited by guarantee.
- 2.2 The liability of the Members is limited.

3 Objects

- 3.1 The objects of the Company are:

- (1) To provide a peak business body for all the services industries in Australia.
- (2) To represent the broadest possible range of services sectors, including financial services (banking, insurance, securities, funds management), professional services (accountants, lawyers, engineers, architects, consultants), health service providers, education services, environmental services, energy services, logistics, tourism, information technology and computer services, R&D services, product-related services, telecommunications, transport, standards and conformance, audio-visual, media, entertainment, cultural and other business services.
- (3) To promote research in the services sector.
- (4) To stimulate informed policy oriented networking by industry participants.
- (5) To identify the domestic regulatory obstacles to international competitiveness.
- (6) To promote the need for domestic policy reform to enhance international competitiveness.
- (7) To advocate and represent the interests of services industries to government.
- (8) To build a strong recognisable public profile for the services sector in Australia.
- (9) To engage in the development and promotion of Australian services in international markets.
- (10) To engage in projects to enable services firms to understand trade agreements and the opportunities of internationalisation.
- (11) To equip Australian businesses with the skills and capabilities to seek out opportunities to internationalise.

- (12) To focus on the international dimension to government policy affecting the services industries, including trade policy, industry development policy, competition policy, investment policy, immigration policy and taxation policy.
- (13) To contribute to strategies for negotiating services trade and investment issues in the World Trade Organisation, in APEC and the like, and in the negotiation of bilateral and regional arrangements, including Free Trade Agreements in progress or under consideration, through collaboration with government and with other like-minded organisations both in Australia and internationally.

3.2 In furtherance of the objects of the Company, the Members may:

- (1) Purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire and otherwise acquire any lands, buildings, easements, or property, real and personal, and any rights or privileges which may be requisite for the purposes, of, or capable of being conveniently used in connection with, any of the objects of the Company. Provided that in case the Company shall take or hold any property that may be subject to any trusts, the Company shall only deal with the same in such manner as is allowed by law, having regard to such trusts.
- (2) Enter into any arrangements with any Government or authority, supreme, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the Company's objects or any of them; and to obtain from any such Government or authority, any rights, privileges and concessions which the Company may think it desirable to obtain; and to carry out, exercise any comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions.
- (3) Appoint, employ, remove or suspend, such managers, clerks, secretaries, servants, agents, workmen and other persons as may be necessary or convenient for the purposes of the Company and to remunerate other persons, organisations, companies or entities in return for services rendered to the Company.
- (4) Establish and support or aid in the establishment and support of associations, institutions, funds, trusts and conveniences calculated to benefit employees or past employees of the Company or the dependents or connections of any such persons; and to grant pensions, and allowances, and to make payments towards insurance, and to subscribe or guarantee money for charitable or benevolent objects, or for any public, general or useful object.
- (5) Construct, improve, maintain, develop, work, manage, carry out, alter or control any houses, buildings, works or conveniences which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the Company's interests and to contribute to, subsidise or otherwise assist and take part in the construction, improvement, maintenance, development, working, management, carrying out, alteration or control thereof.
- (6) Invest and deal with the money of the Company not immediately required in such manner as the Board of Directors may determine from time to time.
- (7) Borrow or raise or secure the payment of money in such manner as the Company may think fit, and to secure the same or the repayment or performance of any debt, liability, contract, guarantee or other engagement incurred or to be entered into by the Company in any way and in particular by the issue of debentures, perpetual or otherwise charged upon all or any of the Company's property (both present and future), and to purchase, redeem, or pay off any such securities.
- (8) Make, draw, accept, endorse, discount, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading and other negotiable or transferable instruments.

- (9) In furtherance of the objects of the Company to sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the Company.
- (10) Act solely or jointly as trustees or custodian of any property or fund.
- (11) Take or hold mortgages, liens, and charges to secure payment of the purchase price or any unpaid balance of the purchase price, or any part of the Company's property of whatsoever kind sold by the Company, or any money due to the Company from purchasers and others.
- (12) Take any gift of property whether subject to any special trust or not, for any one or more of the objects of the Company but subject always to the proviso in paragraph (9) of this Clause 3.2.
- (13) Take such steps by person or written appeals, public meetings or otherwise, as may from time to time be deemed expedient for the purpose of procuring contributions to the funds of the Company, in the shape of donations, annual subscriptions or otherwise.
- (14) Print and publish any newspaper, papers, periodicals, books or leaflets that the Company may think desirable for the promotion of its objects, and to adopt such means of making known and advertising the Company as may seem expedient.
- (15) In furtherance of the objects of the Company to amalgamate or affiliate with any companies, institutions, societies or associations having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the Company.
- (16) Make donations for charitable or patriotic purposes.
- (17) Guarantee the payment of moneys or debts or the performance of any contract by any person, firm or corporation and to give bonds and indemnities.
- (18) In furtherance of the objectives of the Company to transfer all or any part of the property, assets, liabilities and engagements of the Company to any one or more of the companies, institutions, societies or associations with which this Company is authorised to amalgamate.

3.3 The Company can only exercise the powers in section 124(1) of the Act to:

- (1) carry out the objects of the Company set out in clauses 3.1 and 3.2; and
- (2) do all things incidental or convenient in relation to the exercise of power under clause 3.3(1).

3.4 The income and property of the Company will only be applied towards the promotion of the objects of the Company set out in clauses 3.1 and 3.2.

3.5 No income or property of the Company will be paid, transferred or distributed, directly or indirectly, by way of dividend, bonus or otherwise to any Member of the Company however nothing in this Constitution will prevent payment in good faith to a Member:

- (1) in return for any services rendered or goods supplied in the ordinary and usual course of business to the Company;
- (2) of interest at a rate not exceeding current bank overdraft rates of interest for moneys lent to the Company; or
- (3) of reasonable and proper rent for premises leased by any Member to the

Company.

- 3.6 No payment shall be made to any Director other than the payment:
- (1) of out of pocket expenses incurred by the Director in the performance of any duty as a Director where the amount payable does not exceed an amount previously approved by the Directors; and
 - (2) for any service rendered to the Company by the Director in a professional or technical capacity, other than in the capacity as Director, where the provision of the service has the prior approval of the Directors and where the amount payable is approved by the Directors and is not more than an amount which commercially would be reasonable for the service.

INTERPRETATION

4 Interpretation

- 4.1 In this Constitution, unless there is something in the subject or context which is inconsistent:

"Act" means the Corporations Act 2001 and any future statutory modification thereof including any regulations made under the Act and any exemption or modification in that Act applying to the company.

"Associate Member" means a person appointed as an Associate Member in accordance with **Clause 5.3** of the Constitution.

"Board" means the Board of Directors.

"Committee" means a committee of Directors established in accordance with clause 46.

"Constitution" means this Constitution as amended or supplemented from time to time.

"Company" means the company referred to in clause 1.1.

"Director" means any person holding the position of a director of the Company and "Directors" means the directors for the time being of the Company or as the context permits such number of them as have authority to act for the Company.

"Honorary Life Member" means a person appointed as an Honorary Life Member in accordance with **Clause 5.3 and 5.15**.

"Member" means a member of the Company pursuant to clause 5.

"Member Present" means in connection with a meeting of Members, a Member being present in person or by proxy or attorney or, in the case of a corporation, by a Representative.

"Office" means the registered office for the time being of the Company. **"Officer"** has the same meaning as given to that term in Section 9 of the Act. **"President"** and **"Vice**

President" means the persons elected to those offices pursuant to clause 29.

“Ordinary Member” means a person appointed as an Ordinary Member in accordance with **Clause 5.3**

“Reciprocal Member” means a person appointed as a Reciprocal Member in accordance with **Clause 5.3**.

“Register” means the register of Members to be kept pursuant to the Act.

“Representative” means a person authorised in accordance with section 250D of the Act to act as a representative of a body corporate holding shares in the Company.

“Secretary” means the person appointed as the secretary of the Company and includes any assistant or acting secretary.

- 4.2 In this Constitution, unless there is something in the subject or context which is inconsistent:
- (1) the singular includes the plural and vice versa;
 - (2) each gender includes the other two genders;
 - (3) the word "person" means a natural person and any partnership, association, body or entity whether incorporated or not;
 - (4) the words "writing" and "written" include any other mode of representing or reproducing words, figures, drawings or symbols in a visible form;
 - (5) where any word or phrase is defined, any other part of speech or other grammatical form of that word or phrase has a cognate meaning;
 - (6) a reference to any clause or schedule is to a clause or schedule of this Constitution;
 - (7) a reference to any statute, proclamation, rule, code, regulation or ordinance includes any amendment, consolidation, modification, re-enactment or reprint of it or any statute, proclamation, rule, code, regulation or ordinance replacing it.
- 4.3 An expression used in a particular Part or Division of the Act that is given by that Part or Division a special meaning for the purposes of that Part or Division has, unless the contrary intention appears, in any clause that deals with a matter dealt with by that Part or Division the same meaning as in that Part or Division.
- 4.4 The provisions of this Constitution displace the replaceable rules (but not replaceable rules which mandatorily apply to a public company) contained in the Act.
- 4.5 Headings do not form part of or affect the construction or interpretation of this Constitution.

MEMBERSHIP

5 Admission

- 5.1 The number of Members of the Company is unlimited.
- 5.2 The Members of the Company shall be:
- (1) the persons who are specified in the application for registration of the Company as persons who consent to becoming Members; and
 - (2) any other person admitted to membership by the Board in accordance with this Constitution.

5.3 The categories and titles of members of the Company are as follows:

Ordinary Member

Associate Member

Honorary Life Member

Reciprocal Member

Ordinary Membership

Ordinary Membership will be open to any person:

- whose application for registration is approved by the Board
- who pays the prescribed membership fee payable by a Corporate or Industry Association as determined by the Board from time to time

Associate Membership

Associate Membership will be open to any person:

- whose application for registration is approved by the Board
- who pays the prescribed membership fee payable by Associate Members as determined by the Board from time to time

Honorary Life Membership

Honorary Life Membership will be considered in circumstances when the Board wishes to express in a formal way the Company's appreciation of the special contribution that a person has made to the Company.

Persons will be considered for Honorary Life Membership at the AGM.

The process for nominating and appointing Honorary Life Membership and the rights of the Life Member are set out in Clause 5.14.

Reciprocal Membership

Reciprocal Membership will be considered in circumstances when the Board wishes to collaborate formally with another association for the mutual benefit of the Company and the other association. A Reciprocal Member is open to an association whose application for registration is approved by the Board.

5.4 Membership Rights

Ordinary Members shall each be entitled to:

- receive notices of, attend and to cast one vote on any resolution moved at any general meeting or annual general meeting
- stand for office and vote in Board elections
- have such other rights and privileges of members as set out in this Constitution, the Corporations Act or any Membership Register approved by the Board from time to time.

5.5 Membership Rights – Associate Members

Associate Members shall each:

- be entitled to receive notices of, attend and to cast one vote at any general meeting or annual general meeting (other than in relation to changes to the Constitution or election of office bearers or any other Directors)
- not be entitled to stand for office or nominate or second nominees for office bearers or any other Director or vote in Board elections; and
- not be entitled to a position on the Board of the Company
- not be entitled to a position on any Policy Committee of the Company
- not be entitled to act as Director of the Company.

5.6 Membership Rights – Honorary Life Members

Honorary Life Member shall each:

- be appointed under the procedure for appointment of Honorary Life Membership in clause 5.14 below;
- be entitled to personal membership in the Honorary Life Membership category for no annual membership fee;
- be entitled to hold themselves out as an 'Honorary Life Member of ASR' and attend events open only to members, along with other events of the Company;
- not entitle the person's organisation to be entitled to be a member (such organisations to apply for and have their membership approved under this Constitution);
- not entitle the person to any discounts on individual events or functions.
- For the avoidance of doubt, Honorary Life Members shall be entitled to represent their organisation, if their organisation is an Ordinary Member of the Company, in: voting for resolutions at any general meeting or annual general meeting; standing for office; supporting nominees for office and voting for office bearers or any other Director in Board elections; and acting as Director of the Company.

5.7 Membership Rights – Reciprocal Members:

Reciprocal Members shall each:

- be appointed under the procedure for appointment of Ordinary Members;
- be entitled to engage with the Company in the terms set out in the membership application form for no annual membership fee;
- be entitled to hold themselves out as a "Reciprocal Member of ASR" and attend events only open to members, along with other Company events;
- not be entitled to receive notices of, attend or to cast a vote in any resolution at any general meeting or annual general meeting;
- not be entitled to stand for office or support any nominee for a position on the Board of the Company nor to take a position on the Board or any of the Company's committees.

5.8 Every application for membership shall be in a form approved by the Board from time to time.

5.9 At the next meeting of the Board after the receipt of any application for membership, such application shall be considered and the Board will in its absolute discretion determine whether to admit or reject the application or decide to call upon the applicant to supply any evidence of eligibility that it considers reasonably necessary. If the Board:

- (1) requires further evidence under this clause, determination of the application will be deferred until this evidence has been supplied;

- (2) rejects the application for membership, it will not be required to give any reason for the rejection.
- 5.10 As soon as practicable following acceptance of an application, the Secretary will send to the applicant written notice of the acceptance and a request for payment of the entrance fee and first annual subscription. If an applicant is accepted for membership on or as from a date other than 1 July in any year, the first subscription payable by the applicant shall be pro-rated according to the period elapsed since the previous first day of July
- 5.11 Upon payment of the entrance fee and first annual subscription the applicant shall become a Member of the Company, however if such payment has not been made within 2 months after the date of the notice of acceptance of the application, the Board may in its discretion cancel its acceptance of the application for membership of the Company.
- 5.12 Each Member who is not a natural person shall, from time to time, nominate an individual as its Representative as defined in Clause 4.1.
- 5.13 The rights and privileges of every Member are personal to each Member and are not transferable by a Member's own act or by operation of law.
- 5.14 A person may be nominated for Honorary Life Membership by a Director.
- (1) The nomination must be in writing, along with the brief reasons for the nomination, and must be placed before the Board for consideration at a meeting of Directors.
- (2) A motion that the Board accept the nomination and recommend it for adoption at the next AGM must be moved and seconded, and requires simple majority for adoption.
- (3) If accepted by the Board, then the Board must recommend that the nomination for Life Membership be adopted at the next Annual General Meeting.
- (4) The recommendation will be an Ordinary Resolution, requiring the support only of a simple majority of voters eligible to vote at the AGM for adoption. If passed, it becomes valid from the date of the AGM.

6 Entrance Fees and Subscriptions

- 6.1 The entrance fee and annual subscription payable by a Member shall be such amount as the Board shall from time to time prescribe.
- 6.2 For the purpose of Clause 6.1, the Board may prescribe classes of membership from time to time, having different fees and subscriptions. Such classes shall be based upon the identity of a Member and, in the case of any Member which is not a natural person, the nature and size of its organisation,
- 6.3 The Board shall prescribe and publish the admission criteria for each class, and its applicable fees and subscriptions, prior to 1 July each year, for application to the year of membership commencing on that date. This information shall be published in a way that it is accessible to Members and potential Members, for example on the Australian Services Roundtable website.
- 6.4 The Board shall allocate each Member to one class of membership and that Member shall then be required to pay the fees and subscriptions applicable to that class of membership.
- 6.5 The Board's determination of the class to which a Member is allocated shall be final. In making such determination the Board shall have regard for information contained in the Member's application and any other information that the Board, in its absolute discretion, considers relevant.

- 6.6 Notwithstanding Clause 6.6, any Member may elect to pay a higher annual subscription applicable to a class of membership other than that determined by the Board under Clause 5.4.

7 Treasurer

7.1 It is the duty of the Treasurer to ensure that:

- (1) all money due to the Company is collected and received and that all payments authorised by the Company are made; and
- (2) correct books and accounts are kept showing the financial affairs of the Company including full details of all receipts and expenditure connected with the activities of the Company.

8 Forfeiture

8.1 If a Member does not pay an annual subscription within 3 months of its due date then:

- (1) the Board will give the Member written notice of that fact; and
- (2) if the full amount due is not paid by the Member within 90 days of the date of the notice the Board may declare the Member's membership forfeited.

However the Board may reinstate the Member's membership on payment of all arrears if the Board thinks fit to do so.

8.2 A Member's membership in the Company will cease if the Member gives the Secretary written notice of resignation and the membership will cease from the date of receipt of that notice by the Secretary.

8.3 If any Member shall wilfully refuse or neglect to comply with the provisions of the Constitution or shall be guilty of any conduct which in the opinion of the Board is unbecoming of a Member or prejudicial to the interests of the Company the Board shall have power by resolution to censure, fine, suspend or expel the Member from the Company. However at least one week before the meeting of the Board at which such a resolution is passed the Member must be given notice of such meeting, of the allegations made against him and of the intended resolution. The Member shall, at such meeting and before the passing of such resolution, be given the opportunity of giving orally or in writing, any explanation or defence he may think fit. Despite the above, any such Member may, by written notice lodged with the Secretary at least twenty-four hours before the appointed time for the meeting at which the resolution is to be considered by the Board, elect to have the question dealt with by the Company in general meeting. In that event a general meeting of the Company shall be called for the purpose and if at the meeting such a resolution is passed by a majority of two-thirds of those present and voting (such a vote to be taken by ballot) the Member concerned shall be punished accordingly and in the case of a resolution for his expulsion the Member shall be expelled.

8.4 Any Member ceasing to be a Member:

- (1) will not be entitled to any refund (or part refund) of any annual subscription paid;
- (2) will continue to be liable for any annual subscription and all arrears due and unpaid at the date of his resignation or ceasing to be a Member and for all other moneys due by him to the Company and in addition for any sum not exceeding \$2.00 for which he is liable as a Member of the Company under clause 54.1.

GENERAL MEETINGS

9 Convening

- 9.1 Any Director may whenever he thinks fit propose, and with the consent of a majority of Directors, convene a general meeting of the Company.
- 9.2 A Member shall be entitled to convene a general meeting in accordance with the provisions of the Act.
- 9.3 A general meeting of the Company may be convened at two or more venues using any technology that gives the Members a reasonable opportunity to participate in the meeting.

Notice

- 10.1 Subject to consent to shorter notice being given in accordance with the Act, at least 21 days notice of any general meeting must be given specifying:
- (1) the place, day and hour of the meeting;
 - (2) the general nature of any business to be transacted at the meeting;
 - (3) if a special resolution is to be proposed, the details of and intention to propose it;
 - (4) if the meeting is to be held in two or more places the technology that will be used to facilitate this; and
 - (5) any other information required by the Act.
- 10.2 The accidental omission to give notice of any general meeting to or the non-receipt of notice of a meeting by any person entitled to receive notice will not invalidate the proceedings at or any resolution passed at the meeting.

11 Cancellation/Postponement

- 11.1 Subject to the provisions of the Act and this Constitution the Directors may cancel a general meeting of the Company:
- (1) convened by the Directors; or
 - (2) that has been convened by a Member or Members pursuant to the Act upon receipt by the Company of a written notice withdrawing the requisition signed by that Member or those Members.
- 11.2 The Directors may postpone a general meeting or change the venue at which it is to be held. No business shall be transacted at any postponed meeting other than the business stated in the notice to the Members relating to the original meeting.
- 11.3 Where any general meeting is cancelled or postponed or the venue for the same is changed:
- (1) the Directors must endeavour to notify in writing each person entitled to receive notice of the meeting of the cancellation, the change of venue or the postponement of the meeting by any means permitted by this Constitution and in the case of the postponement of a meeting, the new place, date and time for the meeting; and
 - (2) any failure to notify in writing any person entitled to receive notice of the meeting or failure of a person to receive a written notice shall not affect the validity of the cancellation, the change of venue or the postponement of the meeting.

PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS

12 Quorum

- 12.1 No business may be transacted at any general meeting unless a quorum of Members is present at all times during the meeting.
- 12.2 Five (5) Members Present and entitled to vote constitute a quorum for all general meetings.
- 12.3 If within 30 minutes after the time appointed for holding a general meeting a quorum is not present:
- (1) the meeting if convened upon the requisition of Members shall be dissolved;
 - (2) in any other case:
 - a. it will stand adjourned to the same day in the next week at the same time and place or to such other day time and place as the Directors may by notice to the Members appoint; and
 - b. if at such adjourned meeting a quorum is not present within 30 minutes after the time appointed for the holding of the meeting the meeting shall be dissolved.

13 Chairperson

- 13.1 The President shall be entitled to preside as chairperson at every general meeting.
- 13.2 Where a general meeting is held and:
- (1) there is no President; or
 - (2) the President is not present within 30 minutes after the time appointed for the holding of the meeting or if present is unwilling to act as chairperson of the meeting,

the Vice President shall preside as chairperson of the meeting or, if the Vice President is not present or is unwilling to act then the other Directors present may choose another Director as chairperson of the meeting. If no Director is so chosen or if all the Directors present decline to take the chair the Members Present may choose one of their number to be chairperson of the meeting.

- 13.3 The rulings of the chairperson of a general meeting on all matters relating to the order of business, procedure and conduct of the meeting shall be final and no motion of dissent from such rulings shall be accepted.

14 Adjournments

- 14.1 The chairperson of a general meeting at which a quorum is present:
- (1) may adjourn a meeting with the consent of the meeting; and
 - (2) must adjourn the meeting if the meeting so directs to a time and place as determined.
- 14.2 No business may be transacted at any adjourned general meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place.
- 14.3 A resolution passed at a meeting resumed after an adjournment is passed on the day it was passed.
- 14.4 It is not necessary to give any notice of an adjournment of a general meeting or of the business to be transacted at the adjourned meeting except if the meeting is adjourned for 30 days or more in which case notice of the adjourned meeting must be given as in the case of an original meeting.

15 Voting on Resolutions

- 15.1 Subject to the Act in relation to special resolutions, at any general meeting a resolution to be considered at the meeting shall be decided on a show of hands unless a poll is demanded by:
- (1) the chairperson of the meeting;
 - (2) at least 5 Members Present and entitled to vote on the resolution; or
 - (3) by a Member Present or Members Present who represent at least 10% of the votes that may be cast on the resolution on a poll.
- 15.2 Before a vote on a resolution is taken, the chairperson must inform the meeting whether any proxy votes have been received and how the proxy votes are to be cast.
- 15.3 A declaration by the chairperson of the result of a vote on a resolution by a show of hands and an entry to that effect contained in the minutes of the proceedings of the Company which has been signed by the chairperson of the meeting or the next succeeding meeting shall be conclusive evidence of the fact without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour of or against the resolution.

16 Polls

- 16.1 A poll may be demanded:
- (1) before a vote on a resolution is taken;
 - (2) before the voting results on a show of hands are declared; or
 - (3) immediately after the voting results on a show of hands are declared.
- 16.2 If a poll is demanded it must be taken in such manner and at such time and place as the chairperson of the meeting directs subject to clause 16.5.
- 16.3 The result of the poll shall be taken to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded.
- 16.4 The demand for a poll shall not prevent the continuance of a meeting for the transaction of any business other than the question on which a poll has been demanded.
- 16.5 A poll demanded on the election of a chairperson or any question of adjournment of the meeting must be taken immediately.
- 16.6 The demand for a poll may be withdrawn.

17 Rights to Vote

- 17.1 A Member entitled to vote has one vote, both on a show of hands and a poll.

18 No Rights to Vote

- 18.1 A Member is not entitled to be present or to vote at any general meeting if any amount payable by the Member in respect of his membership is more than three months in arrears at the date of the meeting or by any other period decided at a preceding general meeting.

19 Challenges to Voting Right

- 19.1 Any challenge as to the qualification of a person to vote at a general meeting or the validity of any vote tendered may only be raised at the meeting and must be determined by the chairperson whose decision shall be final and conclusive and a vote allowed by the chairperson shall be valid for all purposes.

20 Persons of Unsound Mind and Minors

- 20.1 A Member of unsound mind or whose person or estate is liable to be dealt with in any way under the law relating to mental health or who is a minor may vote whether on a show of hands or on a poll by his committee or by such other person as properly has the management or guardianship of his estate or by the public trustee (as the case may be) and the committee or other person or trustee may vote by proxy or representative.
- 20.2 Any person having the right of management or guardianship of the person or estate in respect of a Member as referred to in clause 20.1 must not exercise any of the rights conferred under that clause unless and until the person has provided to the Directors satisfactory evidence of the appointment of the person accordingly.

21 Casting Vote on Equality

- 21.1 In the case of an equality of votes whether on a show of hands or on a poll the chairperson of the meeting at which the show of hands is taken or at which the poll is demanded is entitled to a casting vote in addition to his vote as a Member.

22 Non-Member Invitation

- 22.1 The chairperson of a general meeting may invite any person who is not a Member to attend and address a meeting.
- 22.2 Any auditor of the Company shall be entitled to attend and address a general meeting.

PROXIES

23 Appointment of Proxies

- 23.1 A Member who is entitled to attend and vote at a general meeting of the Company may appoint a person as the Member's proxy to attend and vote for the Member at the meeting and such person need not be a Member.
- 23.2 If a Member appoints a proxy the proxy is entitled to vote on a show of hands or a poll.

24 Instrument of Appointment

- 24.1 The instrument appointing a proxy must be in writing signed by the appointor or the appointor's attorney duly authorised in writing or if the appointor is a corporation signed by an authorised officer or attorney of the corporation.
- 24.2 The instrument of proxy is valid if it contains the information required by the Act that at the date of this Constitution is the following information:

- (1) the name and address of the Member;
- (2) the name of the Company;
- (3) the proxy's name or the name of the office of the proxy; and

- (4) the meetings at which the instrument of proxy may be used.

An instrument of proxy may be expressed to be a standing appointment. An instrument of proxy for a specified meeting is only valid for that meeting and any postponement or adjournment of that meeting.

- 24.4 An instrument of proxy shall not be treated as invalid merely because it does not specify all of the information required by clause 24.2.
- 24.5 An instrument of proxy may be revoked at any time by notice in writing to the Company.

25 Lodgement of Proxies

- 25.1 An instrument appointing:

- (1) a proxy and the power of attorney or other authority (if any) under which it is signed or executed or a certified copy of that power or authority; or
- (2) an attorney to exercise a Member's voting rights at a general meeting or a certified copy of that power of attorney,

must be deposited at the Office or at such other place as is specified for that purpose in the notice convening the general meeting not less than 49 hours (or such shorter period as the Directors may allow) before the time appointed for the holding of the meeting or adjourned meeting as the case may be at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote and in default the instrument of proxy or the power of attorney will not be treated as valid.

- 25.2 For the purposes of this clause it will be sufficient that any document required to be lodged by a Member be received in legible form by facsimile at the place at which the document is required to be delivered by the Member and the document shall be regarded as received at the time the facsimile was received at that place.

26 Validity of Proxies

- 26.1 A vote exercised pursuant to an instrument of proxy, a power of attorney or other instrument of appointment is valid notwithstanding:

- (1) the death or unsoundness of mind of the Member;
- (2) the bankruptcy or Liquidation of the Member;
- (3) The revocation of the instrument of proxy or the power of attorney or any instrument under which the instrument of power was granted;

if the Company has not received at its Office written notice of the death, unsoundness of mind, bankruptcy, liquidation or revocation at least 49 hours (or such shorter period as the Directors may allow) prior to the time appointed for the holding of the general meeting or adjourned meeting, as the case may be, at which the instrument of proxy or the power of attorney is exercised.

- 26.2 A proxy who is not entitled to vote on a resolution as a Member may vote as a proxy for another Member who can vote if the appointment specifies the way the proxy is to vote on the resolution and the proxy votes that way.

27 Voting Rights of Proxies

- 27.1 The instrument appointing a proxy will be taken to confer authority to demand or join in demanding a poll.
- 27.2 Unless a Member by the instrument of proxy directs the proxy to vote in a certain manner the proxy may vote as the proxy thinks fit on any motion or resolution. Otherwise the proxy shall follow the voting instructions contained in the instrument of proxy.
- 27.3 A proxy will not be revoked by the appointor attending and taking part in any general meeting but if the appointor votes on a resolution either on a show of hands or on a poll the person acting as proxy for the appointor shall not be entitled to vote in that capacity in respect of the resolution.
- 27.4 The chairperson of a general meeting may require any person acting as a proxy to establish to the satisfaction of the chairperson that he is the person nominated as proxy in the form of proxy lodged under this Constitution. If the person is unable to establish his identity he may be excluded from voting either upon a show of hands or upon a poll.

APPOINTMENT AND REMOVAL OF DIRECTORS

28 Number and Appointment

- 28.1 The office-bearers of the Company shall consist of a President, a Vice President and a Treasurer (who shall all be Directors) as well as any other Directors appointed to the Board. The office-bearers of the Company will be appointed by the members.
- 28.2 The Board must consist of not less than 3 Directors and, unless the Company resolves in general meeting to the contrary, must not consist of more than 16 directors. Up to 14 Directors shall be elected by the Members pursuant to Clause 28.5 and directors may also be appointed by the Board pursuant to Clause 28.6.
- 28.3 The persons who are specified in the application for registration of the Company as persons who consent to becoming Directors shall constitute the first Directors. Such persons shall all retire at the first annual general meeting but shall be eligible for re-election. From the first annual general meeting of the Company the Board shall consist of the office-bearers elected by the Members in accordance with the provisions set out in this Constitution.
- 28.4 At the first annual general meeting of the Company and at each following annual general meeting the office-bearers and other Directors shall be elected from among the Members and such office-bearers and other Directors shall hold office until the next annual general meeting when they shall retire but shall be eligible for re-election.
- 28.5 The election of office-bearers and other Directors shall take place in the following manner:
- (1) any two Ordinary Members, or their Representatives (including Honorary Life Members whose organisations are Ordinary Members), shall be at liberty to nominate any natural person who is Member, or any director, office-bearer or employee of a Member, as a candidate for election as an office-bearer or other Director of the Company;
 - (2) the nomination, which shall be in writing and signed by the candidate and which shall note his proposer and seconder, shall be lodged with the Secretary at least 14 days before the annual general meeting at which the election is to take place, and the candidate may also submit a statement supporting his or her candidature not exceeding 100 words ;

- (3) a list of the candidates, in alphabetical order, with the proposers' and seconders' names, together with any supporting statements, shall be posted in a conspicuous place at the Office and forwarded to all Members at least 7 days prior to the annual general meeting;
- (4) a ballot paper shall be prepared (if necessary) containing only the names of the candidates in alphabetic order and the Member of which each candidate is a director, office-bearer or employee.
- (5) in case there shall not be sufficient number of candidates nominated, the Board may fill up the remaining vacancy or vacancies;
- (6) each Member Present at the annual general meeting shall be entitled to vote for any number of candidates not exceeding the number of vacancies;
- (7) if there be only one nomination for any position on the Board the chairperson of the annual general meeting at which the election is to take place shall declare such candidate duly elected;
- (8) wherever there is more than one nomination for any position on the Board the election shall be by ballot of the Members, conducted in the following manner:
 - (i) the voter shall mark his balloting list by marking a cross opposite the names of each of the candidates for whom he votes. He shall also sign his name legibly on the balloting list and cause it to be delivered to the Secretary. Each person voting shall vote for one candidate for each position required to fill the vacancy and no more;
 - (ii) the result of the ballot shall be determined by the Secretary assisted by two scrutineers appointed by the existing Board;

after the closing of the ballot the Secretary and scrutineers shall check the signatures of Members and their qualification to vote and proceed to the examination of the voting papers and shall report in writing the result of the ballot to the chairperson of the annual general meeting. The candidate for each position required to be filled receiving the greatest number of votes shall be deemed elected and a declaration as to such election shall be made at the annual general meeting;
 - (iv) in any case of doubt as to the formality of any voting paper the matter shall be referred to the chairperson of the meeting whose decision shall be final;
 - (v) in the event of an equality of votes in favour of two or more candidates, the chairperson of the meeting at which the election takes place shall have a casting vote or votes so as to decide the election;
 - (vi) the Directors may direct the Secretary to destroy the ballot papers at any time after the expiration of one month after the date of the declaration of the election.

28.6 Subject to the Act, the Directors may at any time appoint any person as a Director either to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to their number. Any Director so appointed shall only hold office until the next annual general meeting of the Company after the appointment is made but shall then be eligible for election if their organization is an Ordinary Member as under the provisions of this Constitution.

28.7 The Directors may act despite any vacancy in their body but if the number falls below the minimum fixed (if any) in accordance with clause 28 the Directors may act for the purpose of increasing the number of Directors to the minimum or of convening a general meeting or in emergencies but for no other purpose.

29 Removal

29.1 Subject to the Act, the Company may by resolution passed in general meeting:

- (1) remove any Director; or
- (2) appoint a person as a Director (whether or not as a replacement for a Director who has been removed or otherwise ceased to be a Director).

29.2 Any Director (or his Alternate Director) who is absent from 3 Meetings of Directors in one year without the approval of the President will immediately cease to hold office as a Director and will be ineligible for future election or appointment as a Director.

30 Vacancies

30.1 Any Director may retire from office on giving written notice to the Company at the Office of his intention to retire and the resignation shall take effect at the time expressed in the notice (provided the time is not earlier than the date of delivery of the written notice to the Company).

30.2 In addition to other circumstances in which the office of a Director becomes vacant as provided in this Constitution, the office of a Director shall automatically be vacated if the Director:

- (1) is prohibited from being or ceases to be or is removed as a Director pursuant to the provisions of the Act or by reason of any order made under the Act;
- (2) becomes an insolvent under administration or makes any composition or arrangement with his creditors or any class of his creditors;
- (3) becomes of unsound mind or a person whose person or estate is liable to be dealt with in any way under the law relating to mental health;
- (4) is directly or indirectly interested in any contract or proposed contract with the Company and fails to declare the nature of the interest as required by the Act.

ALTERNATE DIRECTORS

31 Appointment of Alternate Director

31.1 Any Director may in writing signed by the Director appoint any person who is approved by the majority of the other Directors to be an Alternate Director in the appointor's place during any period the appointor thinks fit.

31.2 A Managing Director may not appoint an alternate to act as Managing Director.

Rights and Powers of Alternate Directors

32.1 Every Alternate Director is entitled:

- (1) to receive notice of meetings of the Directors, if the appointor requests notice to be given to the Alternate Director; and

- (2) to attend and vote at meetings of the Directors at which the appointor is not present.
- 32.2 An Alternate Director may exercise all the powers and rights of the appointor in the absence of the appointor and shall be subject to the same terms and conditions affecting the appointor.
- 32.3 The exercise of any power by an Alternate Director shall have the same effect as if the appointing Director had exercised the power. The exercise of such power shall be as agent of the Company and not as agent of the appointor.
- 32.4 An Alternate Director does not require any share qualification and is not entitled to receive any remuneration from the Company for acting as Alternate Director although shall be entitled to be reimbursed for expenses incurred in the same manner as Directors are entitled to be reimbursed for expenses under this Constitution.

33 Suspension or Revocation of Appointment

- 33.1 A Director may at any time revoke or suspend the appointment of an Alternate Director appointed by him by notice in writing signed by the Director and delivered to the Office.
- 33.2 The Directors may at any time suspend or remove an Alternate Director by resolution after giving the appointor reasonable notice in writing of their intention to do so.

34 Termination of Appointment

- 34.1 The appointment of an alternate Director shall automatically terminate if:
 - (1) the appointor of the alternate Director ceases to be a Director; or
 - (2) an event occurs which if the alternate Director were a Director would result in the vacation of the office of Director; or
 - (3) the alternate Director resigns as an alternate Director by written notice delivered to the Office and the appointor of the alternate Director.

35 Acting as Alternate for More Than One Director

- 35.1 A Director or any other person may act as an Alternate Director to represent more than one Director.

POWERS OF DIRECTORS

36 General Powers

- 36.1 Subject to the Act and this Constitution, the management and control of the business and affairs of the Company shall be vested in the Directors who may exercise all powers of the Company which are not by the Act or this Constitution required to be exercised by the Company in general meeting.
- 36.2 No resolution passed by the Company in general meeting shall have the effect of invalidating any prior act of the Directors which would have been valid if the resolution had not been passed.

37 Borrowing Powers

37.1 The Directors may exercise all the powers of the Company to:

- (1) raise or borrow any sum or sums of money for the purposes of the Company; and
- (2) secure the payment or repayment of any amount payable by the Company and any other obligation or liability in such manner and on such terms and conditions as they think fit whether upon the security of any mortgage or charged upon all or any of the property, undertaking and assets of the Company both present and future.

38 Negotiable Instruments

38.1 All cheques, promissory notes, drafts, bills of exchange and other negotiable instruments and all receipts for money paid to the Company must be signed, drawn, accepted, endorsed or otherwise executed as the case may be by the persons and in the manner determined from time to time by the Directors and failing such determination by any two Directors.

39 Conferment of Powers

39.1 The Directors may from time to time confer upon any Director for the time being or any other person as they may select such of the powers exercisable under this Constitution by the Directors as they may think fit for such time and to be exercised for such purposes and on such terms and conditions and with such restrictions as they think expedient.

39.2 Powers conferred under this clause may be exercised concurrently with the powers of the Directors in that regard and the Directors may from time to time withdraw, revoke or vary all or any of such powers.

DIRECTORS' DISCLOSURE OF INTEREST

40 Contracts with Directors

40.1 A Director and any firm, body or entity in which a Director has a direct or indirect material interest may in any capacity:

- (1) enter into any contract or arrangement with the Company; and
- (2) act in a professional capacity, other than as auditor, for the Company

and any Director or firm, body or entity so contracting or being so interested is not liable to account to the Company for any profit realised by any such contract or arrangement by reason only of the Director holding that office or of the fiduciary relationship established by the Director holding that office. Director must disclose his interest in accordance with the Act and the Secretary must record all declarations in the minutes of the relevant meeting.

40.3 The Board shall, at its absolute discretion, determine whether the interest of a Director is material.

40.4 Where such interest is material no payment or benefit shall be paid by the Company for such services other than for the recovery of fair and reasonable out of pocket expenses, unless the Board gives specific approval for such additional payments or benefits.

40.5 A Director's failure to make disclosure under this clause does not render void or voidable a contract or arrangement in which the Director has a direct or indirect interest.

- 40.6 No Director shall vote as a Director in respect of any contract or arrangement in which he has a material interest and if does purport to vote his vote shall not be counted.
- 40.7 A Director may not attest the affixing of the common seal to any document relating to a contract or arrangement or proposed contract or arrangement in which the Director has an interest.
- 40.9 A general notice given to the Board by a Director that the Director is an officer, a member of or otherwise interested in any specified corporation or firm stating the nature and the extent of the Director's interest in the corporation or firm shall, in relation to any matter involving the Company and that corporation or firm after the giving of the notice, be a sufficient disclosure of the Director's interest, provided that the extent of the interest is no greater at the time of first consideration of the relevant matter by the Directors than was stated in the notice.

PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS

41 Meetings of Directors

- 41.1 The Directors may meet together for the dispatch of business, adjourn and otherwise regulate their meetings and proceedings as they think fit.
- 41.2 A Director may at any time and the Secretary upon the request of a Director shall convene a meeting of Directors by giving at least 24 hours notice of the meeting to all Directors except a Director who the person convening the meeting reasonably believes to be outside Australia.
- 41.3 Notice of a meeting of Directors need not be in writing.
- 41.4 Without limiting the discretion of the Directors to regulate their meetings under this clause, a meeting of the Directors may with the consent of all Directors consist of a conference between Directors some or all of whom are in different places if each Director who participates is able:
- (1) to hear each of the other participating Directors addressing the meeting; and
 - (2) if he so wishes, to address each of the other participating Directors simultaneously whether directly, by conference telephone, video conferencing facility or any other form of communications equipment or by a combination of such methods. A meeting held in this way will be taken for the purposes of the Constitution to be held at the place where the largest group of participating Directors is assembled or, if no such group is readily identifiable, at the place where the chairperson of the meeting participates. Any Director may, by prior notice to the Secretary, indicate that he wishes to participate in a meeting in such manner. In this event, the Directors, if they all consent to the meeting being held in the manner referred to in this clause shall procure that an appropriate conference facility is arranged at the expense of the Company. A Director who has consented to a meeting being held in the manner referred to in this clause may only withdraw his consent within a reasonable period before the meeting.
- 41.5 No Director may leave a conference held in accordance with clause 41.4 by disconnecting his means of communication unless he has previously obtained the express consent of the chairperson of the meeting. A Director will be conclusively presumed to have been present and to have formed part of the quorum at all times during the meeting by telephone or other means of communication unless he has previously obtained the express consent of the chairperson to leave the conference.

41.6 All resolutions of the Directors passed at a meeting of Directors where a quorum is present but where notice of the meeting has not been given as required to each Director, or any act carried out pursuant to such resolution, shall, provided each Director to whom notice was not given subsequently agrees to waive the same, be as valid as if notice of the meeting had been duly given to all Directors.

42 Quorum

42.1 Until the Directors resolve to the contrary 2 Directors personally present (or in conference in accordance with clause 41.4) form a quorum and a quorum must be present at all times during the meeting. A Director who is disqualified from voting on a matter pursuant to clause 40 shall be counted in the quorum despite that disqualification.

43 Chairperson

43.1 The President shall, if present, preside as chairperson of every meeting of the Directors.

43.2 If a meeting of Directors is held and the President is not present within 10 minutes after the time appointed for the holding of the meeting or, if present, does not wish to chair the meeting, the Vice President shall preside as chairperson of the meeting or, if the Vice President is not present or is unwilling to act then the other Directors present must elect one of their number to be chairperson of the meeting.

44 Voting

44.1 A resolution of the Directors must be passed by a majority of votes of the Directors present at the meeting who vote on the resolution. A resolution passed by a majority of the votes cast by the Directors will for all purposes be taken to be a determination of the Directors.

44.2 Each Director shall have one vote.

44.3 In case of an equality of votes at a meeting of Directors, the chairperson has a casting vote in addition to his deliberative vote.

45 Circular Resolutions by Directors

45.1 A resolution in writing signed by a majority of the Directors for the time being entitled to vote in relation to the resolution (not being less than a quorum) and stating that the signatories are in favour of the resolution will be as valid and effectual from the time it is signed by the last Director as if it had been passed at a duly convened meeting of Directors provided each Director has received 24 hours notice of the resolution.

.2 A resolution in writing may consist of several documents in like form each signed by one or more Directors.

45.3 Every such resolution shall be deemed to have been passed on the day and at the time at which the document was last signed by a Director.

45.4 A facsimile transmission which is received by the Company and which purports to have been signed by a Director shall for the purposes of this clause be taken to be in writing and signed by that Director at the time of the receipt of the facsimile transmission by the Company in legible form.

46 Committee of Directors

46.1 The Directors may form and delegate any of their powers to a Committee consisting of such Directors as they think fit and may from time to time revoke such delegation.

- 46.2 A Committee must in exercise of the powers delegated to it conform to any directions and restrictions that may be imposed on it by the Directors. A power so exercised shall be taken to be exercised by the Directors.
- 46.3 The meetings and proceedings of any Committee consisting of more than one person will be governed by the provisions for regulating the meetings and proceedings of the Directors contained in this Constitution.
- 46.4 A minute of all the proceedings and decisions of every Committee shall be made, entered and signed in the same manner in all respects as minutes of proceedings of the Directors are required by the Act and this Constitution to be made entered and signed.

47 Validation of Acts of Directors

47.1 All acts done:

- (1) at any meeting of the Directors; or
- (2) by a Committee; or
- (3) by any person acting as a Director,

shall, even if it is discovered afterwards that there was a defect in the appointment or continuance in office of any such Director or person or that they or any of them were disqualified or were not entitled to vote, be as valid as if every such person had been duly appointed or had continued in office and was duly qualified to be a Director and had been entitled to vote.

MINUTES

48 Minutes

48.1 The Directors must cause minutes to be kept in accordance with the Act for the purposes of recording:

- (1) the names of the Directors present at each meeting of the Directors and of Directors present at each meeting of any Committee;
- (2) all orders, resolutions and proceedings of general meetings and of meetings of Directors and of Committees;
- (3) such matters as are required by the Act to be recorded in the record books of the Company including without limitation all declarations made or notices given by any Director of his interest in any contract or proposed contract or the holding of any office or property whereby any conflict of duty or interest may arise.

48.2 Such minutes shall be signed by the chairperson of the meeting, or the chairperson of the next succeeding meeting and the minutes which purport to be signed accordingly shall be received in evidence without any further proof as sufficient evidence that the matters and things recorded by such minutes actually took place or happened as recorded and of the regularity of such matters and things and that the same took place at a meeting duly convened and held.

SECRETARY

49 Appointment and Tenure

- 49.1 There must be at least one Secretary appointed by the Directors for a term and at remuneration and on conditions determined by the Directors. Such Secretary may be an honorary Secretary.
- 49.2 Any Secretary so appointed may be removed by the Directors.
- 49.3 Any Secretary so appointed shall be entitled to attend and be heard on any matter at meetings of Directors and at General Meetings.

EXECUTION OF DOCUMENTS

50 Execution of Documents

- 50.1 Without limiting the manner in which the Company may execute any contract, including as permitted under Section 126 of the Act, the Company may execute any agreement, deed or other document by:
- (1) two Directors signing the same; or
 - (2) one Director and one Secretary signing the same.
- 50.2 Nothing in this Constitution requires the Company to execute any agreement, deed or other document under common seal for the same to be effectively executed by the Company.

ACCOUNTS AND INSPECTION OF RECORDS

51 Accounts and Inspection

- 51.1 The Directors shall cause proper financial records to be kept and must distribute copies of the financial reports of the Company and a Director's report in accordance with the requirements of the Act and also from time to time determine whether and to what extent and at what times and places and under what conditions or regulations the accounting
- and other records of the Company or any of them will be open to the inspection of Members not being Directors.
- 51.2 The Directors must cause the accounts of the Company to be audited in accordance with the requirements of the Corporations Act 2001.

NOTICES

52 Service of Notices

- 52.1 A notice may be given by the Company to any Member by:
- (1) serving it on the Member personally;
 - (2) sending it by post to the Member or leaving it at the Member's address shown in the Register or otherwise the address supplied by the Member to the Company for the giving of notices;

- (3) facsimile to the facsimile number supplied by the Member to the Company for the giving of notices; or
- (4) sending it to the electronic address supplied by the Member to the Company for the giving of notices.

52.2 Any Member who has not left at or sent to the Office his place of address for inclusion in the Register as the place at which notices may be given to the Member shall not be entitled to receive any notice.

52.3 Where a notice is sent by post, service of the notice shall be taken to be effected by properly addressing, prepaying and posting a letter containing the notice and shall be deemed to have been effected on the day after the date of posting. Service of a notice to a Member outside Australia shall be deemed to have been made in the ordinary course of the post.

52.4 Where a notice is sent by facsimile or other electronic means, service of the notice shall be taken to be effected by properly addressing and sending the notice and in such case shall be taken to have been effected on the business day after it is sent.

52.5 A notice may be given by the Company to the persons entitled to a share in consequence of the death, lunacy or bankruptcy of a Member by:

- (1) service on the Member personally;
- (2) sending it by post addressed to the person by name or by the title of the representative of the deceased or lunatic or the assignee of the bankrupt or by any like description at the address, if any, within Australia supplied for the purpose by the person claiming to be entitled;
- (3) by giving the notice in any manner in which the same might have been given if the death, lunacy or bankruptcy had not occurred.

52.6 Evidence of service of a notice may be established by proving that the envelope containing the notice and stamped appropriately was properly posted and a certificate given by any Officer of the Company to that effect shall be conclusive evidence of service.

53 Notices of General Meeting

53.1 Subject to clause 52.2, notice of every general meeting must be given in any manner authorised by this Constitution to:

- (1) every Member; and
- (2) the auditor (if any) for the time being of the Company.

WINDING UP

54 Winding Up

54.1 If the Company is wound up:

- (1) each Member; and

(2) each person who ceased to be a Member in the preceding year,

undertakes to contribute to the property of the Company for the:

(3) payment of the debts and liabilities of the Company (but in relation to those persons referred to in paragraph (2) above, only those contracted before the person ceased to be a Member) and payment of the costs, charges and expenses of winding up; and

(4) adjustment of the rights of the contributories amongst themselves, such amount as may be required but not exceeding \$2.00.

54.2 If any surplus remains following the winding up of the Company, the surplus will not be paid to or distributed amongst Members, but will be given or transferred to another institution or corporation which has:

(1) objects which are similar to the objects of the Company as set out in clauses 3.1 and 3.2;

(2) a constitution which requires its income and property to be applied in promoting its objects; and

(3) a constitution which prohibits it from paying or distributing its income and property amongst its Members to an extent at least as great as imposed on the Company by clause 3.5.

The identity of the corporation or institution is to be determined by the Members at or before the time of dissolution and failing such determination being made, by application to the Supreme Court of the Australian Capital Territory for determination.

INDEMNITY

55 Indemnity

55.1 To the extent permitted by law every Officer (and former Officer) of the Company shall be indemnified out of the funds of the Company against all costs, expenses and liabilities including Goods and Services Tax incurred as such an Officer or employee (or former Officer or employee). However, no such Officer (or former Officer) shall be indemnified out of the funds of the Company under this clause unless:

(1) it is in respect of a liability to another person (other than the Company or a related body corporate to the Company) where the liability to the other person does not arise out of conduct involving a lack of good faith; or

(2) it is in respect of a liability for costs and expenses incurred:

(a) in defending proceedings, whether civil or criminal, in which judgment is given in favour of the Officer (or former Officer) or in which the Officer (or former Officer) is acquitted; or

(b) in connection with an application, in relation to such proceedings, in which the court grants relief to the Officer (or former Officer) under the Act.

56 Payment of Indemnity Policy Premium

56.1 To the extent permitted by law the Company may at the discretion of the Directors enter into and/or pay a premium in respect of a policy of insurance insuring an Officer (or former Officer) of the Company against any liability incurred by such person in that capacity (whether in respect of acts or omissions prior to or after the date of the issue of the policy or both) except for:

(1) a liability arising out of conduct involving a wilful breach of duty in relation to the Company; or

(2) a contravention of Part 2B.1 of the Act.

The Directors shall have the discretion to approve the terms and conditions of any such policy of insurance.

56.2 Where an Officer (or former Officer) has the benefit of an indemnity pursuant to an insurance policy in respect of his actions or omissions then the Company shall not be required to indemnify the Officer under clause 56 except to the extent that the indemnity affected by the insurance policy does not fully cover the persons liability.

57 Indemnity to Continue

57.1 The indemnity granted by the Company contained in clause 55 shall continue in full force and effect notwithstanding the deletion or modification of that clause 55 shall continue in full force and effect notwithstanding the deletion or modification of that clause, in respect of acts and omissions occurring prior to the date of the deletion or modification.